



Agenda

- UNHCR's work, in numbers
- UNHCR's approach to gender equality, the empowerment of women and girl, and genderbased violence prevention, mitigation and response
- Addressing challenges
- Unlocking Opportunities



Guatemala. A refugee girl plays with her shadow in front of a mural of Solidarity Cities, near a health centre supported by UNHCR. ©UNHCR/Victor Sánchez Mejía





110 million

people forcibly displaced worldwide by May of 2023

35.3 million

refugees displaced across borders

Newly arrived Sudanese refugees at the Madjigilta site in Chad's Ouaddaï region, on the border with Sudan © May 2023 UNHCR Colin Delfosse



REFUGEES AND OTHER PEOPLE IN NEED OF INTERNATIONAL PROTECTION:

LOW-AND MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES HOSTED

75%

Low- and middle-income countries hosted 75 per cent of the world's refugees and other people in need of international protection.³ The Least Developed Countries provided asylum to 20 per cent of the total.

1.6 MILLION NEW CLAIMS

Asylum-seekers submitted 1.6 million new claims in the first half of 2023. The United States of America was the world's largest recipient of new individual applications (540,600), followed by Germany (150,200), Spain (87,100), Mexico (74,800) and France (60,400).

United States of America 540,600

Germany 150,200

Spain 87,100

Mexico 74,800

France 60,400

3.4 MILLION REFUGEES HOSTED IN BOTH THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN AND TÜRKIYE

The Islamic Republic of Iran and Türkiye each hosted 3.4 million refugees, the largest populations worldwide. Germany was third with 2.5 million, followed by Colombia with slightly less than 2.5 million, including other people in need of international protection. Pakistan hosted 2.1 million refugees.

Islamic Republic of Iran 3.4 million

Türkiye 3.4 million

Germany 2.5 million

Colombia 2.5 million

Pakistan 2.1 million

69%

LIVED IN NEIGHBOURING COUNTRIES

69 per cent of refugees and other people in need of international protection lived in countries neighbouring their countries of origin.

1_{IN} 6 ARE DISPLACED

Relative to their national populations,⁴ the island of Aruba (1 in 6) and Lebanon (1 in 7) hosted the largest number of refugees and other people in need of international protection, followed by Curaçao (1 in 14), Montenegro (1 in 15) and Jordan (1 in 16).⁵

Aruba 1 in 6

Lebanon 1 in 7

Curação 1 in 14

Montenegro 1 in 15

Jordan 1 in 16

52%

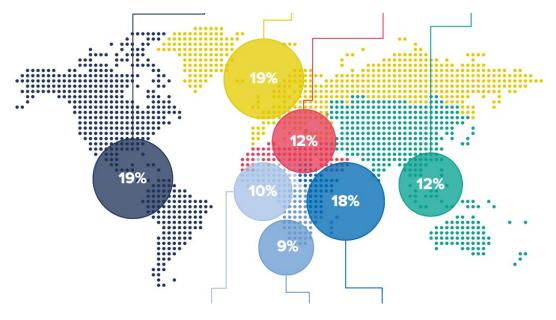
ORIGINATED FROM JUST THREE COUNTRIES

52 per cent of all refugees and other people in need of international protection came from just three countries.

Syrian Arab Republic 6.5 million

Afghanistan 6.1 million

Ukraine 5.9 million





Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women and Girls

UNHCR's Policy on Age, Gender and **Diversity**

Women and girls participate equally and meaningfully in all decision-making, community management and leadership structures, and committees

Women and girls are provided with individual registration and documentation, directly or through support provided by UNHCR.

Women and girls have equal access to and control over management and provision of food, core-relief items, and cash-based interventions.

Women and girls have equal access to economic opportunities, including decent work and quality education and health services.

Women and girls have access to comprehensive GBV prevention and response service.



What we do: Fundamental Programming to Prevent, Mitigate and Respond to GBV

PREVENTION

Addresses the root causes of GBV to prevent it from first occurring

RISK MITIGATION

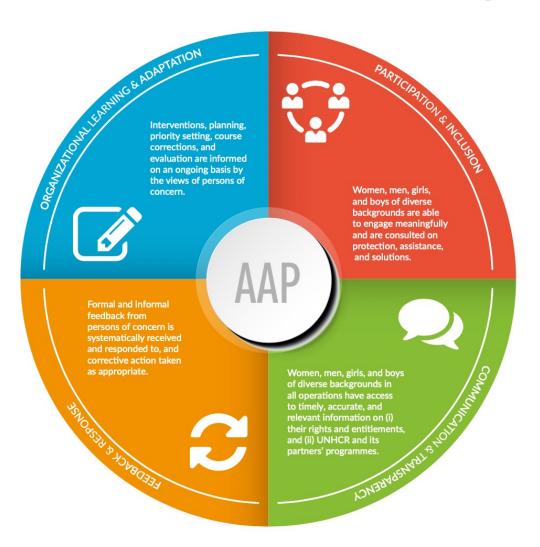
Interventions to reduce the risk of exposure to GBV through humanitarian programming and assistance

RESPONSE

Specialized services and support that address the consequences of GBV



Meaningful participation and Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP)





UNHCR Good Practice:The Advisory Board

The Advisory Board
was established to provide
strategic policy advice based on
their experiences and to
represent the voices of the
organizations they represent.



Addressing challenges

Deeply rooted discriminatory gender norms

Harmful gender norms perpetuate inequalities

Increase in armed conflicts and more protracted crises

Forced displacement continues to grow as conflicts escalate and become increasingly protracted

Unprecedented funding gaps and underfunded operations

Underfunding impacts the ability to respond to the needs of people affected by the evergrowing number of emergencies

Climate Crisis

Climate-driven displacement



Unlocking Opportunities

- Gender mainstreaming and targeted action
- Integrating gender perspectives into all UNHCR policies, strategies and programmes
- Women, Peace and Security Agenda

UNHCR's board membership in the Compact on WPS in Humanitarian Action, and in the Women's Peace and Humanitarian Fund

- Supporting Refugee and Women-led Organizations (Localization)
- The provision of flexible funding, including to non-registered organizations
- Climate Action

Providing legal advice, guidance and support to the international community to enhance protection for refugees and other people displaced by disasters and climate change



Unlocking opportunties: The Global Refugee Forum 2023

GCR objectives

- I. Ease the pressures on host countries
- II. Enhance refugee self-reliance
- III. Expand access to third-country solutions
- IV. Support conditions in countries of origin for return in safety and dignity

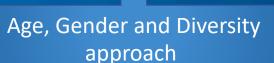
Examples of GRF Pledges

Gender Equality and Protection from Gender-based Violence

Peacebuilding and Conflict Prevention

Climate Action and Finance

Economic Inclusion and Social Protection





Thank You!



